## **MARCH MONTH**

Answers for the month of February 2020 (1 Samuel 6 to 10)

**GRADE 3 TO GRADE 5** Answers are given here. Form the questions for this given list with reference. 1) At what time Samuel called Saul to the top of the house? (1 sam 9:25,26) 2) In which district did Saul meet Samuel for the first time? (1 sam 9: 5) 3) In which place Samuel built an altar? (1 sam 7: 17) 4) To which town in Israel did the Philistines sent back the Ark of the God? (1 sam 6:!3) can form questions from (1 sam 6:9,12,15,19) 5) For how long did the ark of God stayed in Kirijath Jearim? (1 sam 7:2)

## Find the verse from the given portion that suits the picture with reference:

- 1) Large stone: (1 sam 6:13-15) 2) Donkey (1 sam 9: 3to 4) 3) Heart (1 sam 7: 3.4) 4) Five golden rats (1sam 6:1-6) 5) Bribes (1 sam 8: 1-3)
- 6) Sucking lambs (1 sam 7: 8-9) 7) Three loves of bread (1 sam 10: 4)

**GRADE 6 TO GRADE 8** 1) Samuel wrote it down on a scroll and placed it before the Lord. (1 Samuel 10:25)

- 2) Each year, he traveled around, setting up his court first at Bethel, then at Gilgal, then at Mizpah. He judged Israel in each of these places. Then he returned home to Ramah, and judged there too. (1 Sam 7:16,17)
- 3) Samuel wrote it down on a scroll and placed it before the Lord. (1 Samuel 10:25)
- 4) 1 Samuel 8:19 = Nope. They said it was worth it!
- 5) 1 Samuel 7:12 = Yes. With a stone put between Mizpah and Jeshanah. Samuel named it Ebenezer (the stone of help), declaring, "Up to this point, the Lord has helped us!"
- 6) When Saul and a servant were looking for 3 lost donkeys that wandered away from their territory, God pointed Saul out to Samuel. (1 Samuel 9:3)
- 7) 1) Kings draft sons into their armies and make them run before their chariots 2) where they are divided into slaves and commanders of troops. 3) Kings force labor in the fields and in making their weapons and chariot equipment 4)while their daughters are taken from them and forced to make perfumes and made to cook for them. 5) Kings take the best of the land for their servants. 6) Kings tax their people 10% for paying their officers and attendants. 7) Kings take their own slaves, female and male. 8). Kings take the first of the people's cattle and donkeys for their own use. 9). Kings demand 10% of the people's flocks. 10) People will be the kings' slaves, too, in time. 11) After that, the people will beg God to deliver them and God won't. (1 Samuel 8:11)

- 8) On a cart, led by 2 cows, who had just given birth. The cows would go back to Israel, specifically, to Beth-Shemeth -- as a sign to the Philistines, that the Lord God of Israel did bring on the plagues. If it went elsewhere, the plagues would be just a coincidence. (1 Samuel 6:7)
- 9) Man of Benjamin whose name was Kish the son of Abiel, the son of Zeror, the son of Bechorath, the son of Aphiah, a Benjamite, a mighty man of power. Saul was handsome. There was not a more handsome person than he among the children of Israel. From his shoulders upward he was taller than any of the people. (1 sam 9:1,2)
- 10) Yes. But there were wicked men who doubted and rejected him. Nothing. He ignored. (1 Samuel 10:24,27)
- **GRADE 9 AND ABOVE** 1) 1st sign Samuel gave Saul a specific prophetic word, by which Saul could have confidence that his anointing was really from God. If there were no men by Rachel's tomb, or if there was only one man and not two, then Saul would know that Samuel did not really speak from God. (1 sam 10:2) 2nd sign The terebinth tree of Tabor... three men... three young goats... three loaves of bread... a skin of wine... they will greet you and give you. (1 sam 10: 3,4) 3rd sign You will meet a group of prophets coming down from the high place with a stringed instrument, a tambourine, a flute, and a harp before them; and they will be prophesying. (1 sam 10: 5-7)
- 3) The children of Samuel were not like Samuel; they were greedy, taking bribes and perverting justice. As a result the leaders of Israel came to Samuel and requested that Samuel appoint for them a king to govern them like all the other nations (8:1-6).